



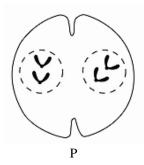


## **CHAPTER 3: HEREDITY AND VARIATION**

- 1 The following developments take place in a cell during the process of mitosis (not in the correct order).
  - P: The cell divides and forms two daughter cells.
  - Q: Chromosomes thicken and become visible.
  - R: Each chromosome becomes attached to a spindle at the centromere.
  - S: A nuclear membrane is formed around the chromosomes at each pole.
  - T: The chromatids in each chromosome separate and move to opposite poles.

Arrange the developments in the correct sequence.

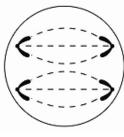
- $\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{P} \to \mathbf{Q} \to \mathbf{S} \to \mathbf{T} \to \mathbf{R}$
- **B**  $Q \rightarrow S \rightarrow R \rightarrow P \rightarrow T$
- $C Q \rightarrow R \rightarrow T \rightarrow S \rightarrow P$
- **D**  $S \rightarrow Q \rightarrow P \rightarrow T \rightarrow R$
- 2 Which of the following cells do not divide by mitosis?
  - A Skin cells
  - **B** Muscle cells
  - C Reproductive cells
  - **D** Epithelial cells
- The diagram below shows the main stages in the process of mitosis.



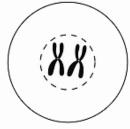




Q



R



S

Which is the correct sequence?

- **A** Q, S, R, P
- **B** S, Q, R, P
- **C** Q, S, P, R
- **D** R, P, S, Q